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SSB 5179 - H AMD 444 WITHDRAWN 4-23-03 1

By Representative Cooper

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 3 4 following:
- 5 "Sec. 1. RCW 77.15.192 and 2001 c 1 s 2 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 The definitions in this section apply throughout RCW 77.15.194 8 through 77.15.198.
 - (1) "Animal" means any nonhuman vertebrate.
 - (2) "Body-gripping trap" means a trap that grips an animal's body or body part. Body-gripping trap includes, but is not limited to, steel-jawed leghold traps, padded-jaw leghold traps, Conibear traps, neck snares, and nonstrangling foot snares. Cage and box traps, suitcase-type live beaver traps, and common rat ((and)), mouse, gopher, and mole traps are not considered body-gripping traps.
 - (3) "Person" means a human being and, where appropriate, a public or private corporation, an unincorporated association, a partnership, a government, or a governmental instrumentality.
 - (4) "Raw fur" means a pelt that has not been processed for purposes of retail sale.
- 22 (5) "Animal problem" means any animal that threatens or damages 23 either timber or public or private property or threatens or injures 24 livestock or any other domestic animal.
- 25 Sec. 2. RCW 77.15.194 and 2001 c 1 s are each amended to read 26 as follows:
 - (1) It is unlawful to use or authorize the use of any steeljawed leghold trap, neck snare, or other body-gripping trap to capture any mammal for recreation or commerce in fur.
 - (2) It is unlawful to knowingly buy, sell, barter, or otherwise exchange, or offer to buy, sell, barter, or otherwise exchange the

raw fur of a mammal or a mammal that has been trapped in this state with a steel-jawed leghold trap or any other body-gripping trap, whether or not pursuant to permit.

- (3) Except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section, and sections 4 and 5 of this act, it is unlawful to use or authorize the use of any steel-jawed leghold trap or any other body-gripping trap to capture any animal((, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section)).
- (4) Nothing in this section prohibits the use of a Conibear trap in water, a padded leghold trap, or a nonstrangling type foot snare with a special permit granted by (({the}))the director under (a) through (d) of this subsection. Issuance of the special permits shall be governed by rules adopted by the department and in accordance with the requirements of this section. Every person granted a special permit to use a trap or device listed in this subsection shall check the trap or device at least every twentyfour hours.
- (a) Nothing in this section prohibits the director, consultation with the department of social and health services or the United States department of health and human services from granting a permit to use traps listed in this subsection for the purpose of protecting people from threats to their health and safety.
- (b) Nothing in this section prohibits the director from granting a special permit to use traps listed in this subsection to a person who applies for such a permit in writing, and who establishes that there exists on a property an animal problem that has not been and cannot be reasonably abated by the use of nonlethal control tools, including but not limited to guard animals, electric fencing, or box and cage traps, or if such nonlethal means cannot be reasonably applied. Upon making a finding in writing that the animal problem has not been and cannot be reasonably abated by nonlethal control tools or if the tools cannot be reasonably applied, the director may authorize the use, setting, placing, or maintenance of the traps for a period not to exceed thirty days.
- (c) Nothing in this section prohibits the director from granting a special permit to department employees or agents to use traps listed in this subsection where the use of the traps is the

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only practical means of protecting threatened or endangered species as designated under RCW 77.08.010.

- (d) Nothing in this section prohibits the director from issuing a permit to use traps listed in this subsection, excluding Conibear traps, for the conduct of legitimate wildlife research.
- (5) Nothing in this section prohibits the United States fish and wildlife service, its employees or agents, from using a trap listed in subsection (4) of this section where the fish and wildlife service determines, in consultation with the director, that the use of such traps is necessary to protect species listed as threatened or endangered under the federal endangered species act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.).
- 13 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.15 14 RCW to read as follows:
- 15 Any trapping allowed under RCW 77.15.194, section 5 of this act, or section 6 of this act must be consistent with other 16 applicable provisions of this title. 17
- 18 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 77.15 19 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The director may issue a special trapping permit during the livestock birthing season to a person who applies for such a permit in writing, and establishes that there exists on his or her property an individual coyote, or an identified group of coyotes, that is either causing injury, or is a threat to cause injury, to commercial livestock during the birthing season of that species of livestock.
 - (2) The special trapping permit authorized by this section may be issued upon a written finding by the director that a threat of injury to livestock exists, and may authorize the use, setting, placing, or maintenance of a padded leghold trap or a nonstrangling type foot snare for a period not to exceed thirty days in order to capture the identified coyote or coyotes.
- 33 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 77.15 34 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The owner or operator of commercial timber, as those terms 35 36 are defined in RCW 76.09.020, may use a number 110 Conibear trap to

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- trap mountain beaver (*Aplodontia rufa*) if nonlethal control tools, including but not limited to fencing, electrical fencing, or treewrapping, can not be reasonably applied.
 - (2) Any individual mountain beavers trapped under this section, and the approximate location of the trapping, must be reported to the department on an annual basis.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) The department of fish and wildlife shall conduct a series of statewide public outreach and education efforts during the 2003 calendar year that explain the availability and function of the special permits allowed under RCW 77.15.194.
 - (2) By December 31, 2003, the department of fish and wildlife must report back to the appropriate committees of the legislature with a summary of the educational and outreach efforts undertaken pursuant to this section and a summary of the data collected on all catch reports. In order to satisfy the reporting requirement of this subsection, the department must collect from each permitted trapper in the state information relating to trapping success, including the number, general location, and species of all animals captured, and a count of those animals captured that were not covered by the permit.
 - (3) This section expires January 1, 2004.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Nothing in this act prohibits the buying, selling, bartering, or other exchange of the raw fur of a mammal that has been trapped in this state pursuant to Title 77 RCW and the rules adopted by the fish and wildlife commission, unless the mammal was captured by a body-gripping trap, as that term is defined in RCW 77.15.192.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."
- 32 Correct the title.

EFFECT: Replaces the language in the underlying bill with the following provisions:

Common gopher and mole traps are excluded from the definition of a body-gripping trap.

Includes publically-owned lands in the definition of an "animal problem".

The owner or operator of commercial timber is allowed to use a number 110 Conibear trap to capture mountain beavers, if nonlethal control measures cannot reasonably be applied. Nonlethal control measures include fencing and tree-wrapping. Mountain beavers trapped under this authority must be reported to the Department of Fish and Wildlife on an annual basis.

Allows a 30-day coyote trapping permit to be issued for the protection of commercial livestock during birthing season without having to show that nonlethal methods have been exhausted.

Specifies that all permitted trapping must be done consistent with the other provisions of the state's game laws.

Requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife to undertake public outreach efforts and report back to the Legislature.

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